1	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE	
2	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION	
3		
4		
5	Suite 10 Concord, NH	
6	5	
7		
8		<u> -</u>
9	Planning, Programming, and Eval (Prehearing conference)	uation.
10		
11	PRESENT: Chairman Daniel C. Goldner, Pre	esiding
12	Commissioner Pradip K. Chattopa	adhyay
13	Tracey Russo, Clerk	
14		
15	Jessica A. Chiavara, Esq. Marc E. Leménager	
16		
17	State Electric) and Liberty Ut (EnergyNorth Natural Gas):	ilities
18	Michael J. Sheehan, Esq. Eric Stanley	
19	Reptg. Unitil Energy Systems a	and
20	and Northern Utilities: Matthew J. Fossum, Esq.	
21	Reptg. N.H. Electric Cooperati	lve, Inc.:
22	Susan S. Geiger, Esq. (Orr & F	<u>-</u>
23		R No. 52
24		-

1		
2	APPEARANCES:	(Continued)
3		Reptg. Clean Energy New Hampshire: Chris Skoglund
4		
5		Reptg. LISTEN Community Services: Raymond Burke, Esq. (N.H. Legal Asst.)
6		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers: Donald M. Kreis, Esq., Consumer Adv.
7		Julianne M. Desmet, Esq. Office of Consumer Advocate
8		Reptg. New Hampshire Dept. of Energy:
9		Paul B. Dexter, Esq.
10		Elizabeth Nixon, Dir./Electric Group Jay Dudley, Electric Group
11		(Regulatory Support Division)
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		

1			
2	INDEX		
3		PAGE	NO.
4	OPENING STATEMENT BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER		5
5	ROLL CALL OF PARTICIPANTS IN ATTENDANCE		15
6	OPENING STATEMENTS BY:		
7	Ms. Chiavara		17
8	Mr. Sheehan Mr. Burke		23 23
	Mr. Dexter		26
9	Ms. Geiger		31
	Mr. Kreis		31
10			
11	QUESTIONS BY: Chairman Goldner		3 4
12	DOCKET PREVIEW BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER		35
13	QUESTIONS BY CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY	37,	43
14	(Re: Providing a report)		
	RESPONSES/COMMENTS BY:		
15	Mr. Fossum		37
	Mr. Kreis	39,	
16	Mr. Sheehan	00,	4 0
10	Mr. Burke		41
17	Mr. Dexter		42
Ι,	Chairman Goldner		4 4
18	Mr. Skoglund		4 9
19		45,	59
20	(Re: EESE Board & PUC Chair/Designee)		
21	RESPONSES BY: Ms. Chiavara	45,	59
	Mr. Kreis	1 U /	46
22	Mr. Sheehan		48
	Mr. Skoglund		48
23			- 0
24			

1		
2	I N D E X (Continued)	
3	PAGE	NO.
4	QUESTION BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER (Objections to PUC Chair/Designee on EESE Board)	47
5	QUESTION BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER	52
6	(Re: To Mr. Skoglund directly)	
7	RESPONSE BY: Mr. Skoglund	52
8	QUESTION BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER (Re: Benefit of attending EESE Board meetings)	53
9	RESPONSE BY: Ms. Chiavara	53
10	QUESTION BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER	53
11	(RE: EESE Board vs EE Committee)	55
12	RESPONSES BY: Ms. Chiavara 54,	E E
13	Mr. Kreis	60
14	Mr. Burke Mr. Dexter	62 63
15	QUESTION BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER (Re: If PUC Designee saw something concerning)	56
16		
17	RESPONSES BY: Mr. Fossum	56
18	Ms. Chiavara Mr. Sheehan	57 58
19	QUESTIONS BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER 66,	82
20	(Re: Process on a Plan/Process on Plan docket)	
21	RESPONSES BY: Mr. Leménager	68
22	Mr. Burke Mr. Kreis 75, 81, 83,	73 87
23	Mr. Dexter 78, 86, Mr. Fossum	88
24	Ms. Chiavara Mr. Sheehan	8 8 8 9

PROCEEDING

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Good
afternoon. At this conference, the Commission
launches IR 22-042, an Investigation of Energy
Efficiency Planning, Programming, and Evaluation
pursuant to the Order of Notice issued by the
Commission on August 10th, 2022. In that Order
of Notice, we identify that statutory authorities
establishing the Commission's independent
investigatory authority. These statutes include
RSA 365:5 and allied statutes.

I want to begin by allaying the concerns of certain participants here today. The Commission draws a clear line between its adjudicative functions, which can determine the legal rights, duties, or privileges of the parties involved, and its investigatory functions, which do not. The investigative docket is not a contested case to determine the legal rights, duties or privileges of anyone here today. Nor are there any "parties" to this docket in the sense that that word is used in adjudicatory proceedings.

I want to expressly acknowledge the

requirements of RSA 374-F:3, IV-a. The Joint Utilities, as program administrators, are responsible for submitting the next triennial plan to the Commission by July 1st, 2023. Commission, in turn, must issue its order by approving or denying that plan on its merits by November 30th, 2023. The purpose of this investigation is to educate the Commission and its advisors, as well as to engage stakeholders in an open and collaborative process that is free of certain procedural constraints that exist in adjudicative dockets. The investigation will not do any of the following: (1) frustrate the development of the next triennial plan; (2) result in any advisory opinion that we intend to have incorporated in that plan; or (3) dictate any new or modified inputs to the tests or testing formulae that the Joint Utilities will rely on in developing the next plan.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

We have heard, loud and clear, the feedback from advocates and regulated utilities that, since the reorganization of the PUC into two entities, you have found opportunities for collaboration with the PUC lacking. The

Commission has launched a number of investigative dockets in the past few months, the purpose of which is to engage in an open exchange of ideas. Among these, this docket is unique. Commission is charged with approving changes to energy efficiency programming, a task that requires us to have a technical understanding of existing programming and models. This review requires the Commission to ensure programming and incentives are optimized to deliver ratepayer savings, programming is appropriately prioritized within customer classes, and policies related to market barriers are addressed. This view -- the review, this review, must be conducted within a statutorily prescribed timeline. The Commission intends to use these proceedings to deepen its understanding of technical matters to ensure that, once it is time for it to review the proposals properly put before it, the Commission can fulfill its statutorily required review within the statutory timeframe.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

Today, I will address some of the concerns raised by participants in filings in this matter. I note, as I did in another

investigation last week, that the Commission is a creature of statute and derives its authority from the statutes that created it. We have already identified today, and in our Order of Notice, the statutory authorities for the Commission to conduct investigations. The Commission, and any other administrative agency, has functions beyond those prescribed by the Administrative Procedures Act, or APA. If it were true that agencies could only do those things laid out in the APA, and the APA does not outline procedures for investigations, then neither the Commission, nor any other agency, including the Department of Energy, could conduct investigations. That simply is not the case.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

Second, the APA prescribes how the Commission must carry out certain functions.

Among them are adjudications and rulemaking.

Adjudications are prescribed whenever the legal rights, duties or privileges of a party must be determined after notice and hearing, RSA

541-A:1, IV. Rulemaking is required whenever the Commission issues a statement of general applicability that is binding on persons outside

the agency, RSA 541-A:1, XV. Neither is happening in this docket. We, therefore, do not see these provisions of the APA applying to this docket.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

Third, the APA contemplates many types of procedures other than adjudications and rulemaking. It discusses declaratory rulings, for example, in RSA 541-A:16, II(b). contemplates that agencies will take action on applications, petitions, or requests without commencing adjudicative proceedings under RSA 541-A:29 and 29-a. It encourages informal settlement of matters by non-adjudicative processes, RSA 541-A:38. Perhaps most important, in this docket, the APA requires that agencies "make available to the public all written statements of policy or interpretations, other than rules, formulated or used by the agency in the discharge of its functions." The report used at the conclusion -- or, the report issued, rather, at the conclusion of this docket is just such a statement; informative but not binding. It is expressly authorized by the APA independent of the APA's adjudicative and rulemaking

provisions.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

Fourth, we take seriously the references made in the filings of the Seacoast Anti-Pollution League case. This case instructs the Commission to be cautious about its public statements and not to prejudge the merits of any current or future adjudication before us. This directive from the Supreme Court is well taken, and we do not intend to do anything prohibited by Seabrook Anti-Pollution League. Our goal here is to learn, not to judge. If anything that takes place in this docket runs afoul of the Seacoast Anti-Pollution League, the appropriate place to raise that challenge will be in the current or future docket that is alleged to be impacted.

And, finally, leaving aside the Commission's new investigations launched in 2022, we count 22 independent Commission investigations launched on our authority to engage in such investigations over the last nine years. We do not see any successful claims within these dockets that the Commission had no authority to engage in these investigations. As a matter of past practice, we do not see any concerns for the

process we intend to follow here.

1.3

2.2

Having addressed these points, I would like to discuss the value of this docket to the participants. Here, you have the opportunity to highlight your priorities and concerns in an information gathering forum, where it will be objectively viewed, not negotiated away, and be readily available to members of the public, the legislature, and fellow participants in this docket. It is also an opportunity to educate the Commission on key issues, so the review process in 2023 and beyond goes smoothly.

The legislature has set certain rates, and thereby provided a budget for energy efficiency programs. The legislature also required the Commission to review proposed program modifications with respect to their costs and benefits. The Commission is committed to implementing the legislature's mandate as efficiently and effectively as possible. Historically, Energy Efficiency programming in New Hampshire has been complex, with high level plans in the hundreds of pages and the details of the programs in the thousands. We see this

investigative docket as a valuable avenue to increase transparency and understanding of energy efficiency programs to ensure that they meet the state's policy goals.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

The upcoming Triennium will be the first full triennial plan following the passage of HB 549. The utilities will be required to file a plan under a new statute. The Commission will be required to review that plan under the new standards enumerated therein. This docket presents an opportunity, after the closer of the prior Triennial docket and before the opening of the new one, to collaboratively engage in a better understanding of the new lay of the land.

The Commission sees a number of provisions of HB 549 as open questions. For example, there is no statutory definition of the term "cost-effective", nor of the term "market barrier". The legislature established the Granite State Test as the "primary" test, and the Total Resource Cost Test as the "secondary" test, but it is not clear what it means to have a "primary" and "secondary" test. The statute goes on to state that "benefit per unit cost" is only

one factor in considering whether the utilities have prioritized program offerings appropriately. What are the other factors and how should they be weighed? How should the Commission consider average ratepayers and non-ratepayers in the allocation of program offerings not necessarily addressed in HB 549, but that are intrinsic to the understanding of benefits and costs? With respect to the ongoing application of the GST and TRC tests, are inputs and assumptions to be updated to reflect current economic realities, or forever frozen in time? It is important that all stakeholders understand how changes are to be proposed, discussed, and ultimately approved.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

encouraged to see engagement in the goal of information gathering, including the recommendation that the Commission ask stakeholders for ideas about additional reporting that could be provided to track outcomes and potential areas of improvement. To the extent that anyone here has any such recommendations, we want to hear them, and certainly -- and are certainly open to asking more questions,

including the economic concept of social welfare.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

This docket, and the information it gathers, will not answer any policy questions.

We will reach no judgments, make no findings, and issue no orders. These things can only happen in an adjudicative docket and based upon evidence presented. Rather, it will be an opportunity for a collaborative exchange of ideas and information, and your opportunity to share knowledge and ultimately impact the final report. It is our hope that this exchange will result in the General Court's policies being implemented in an efficient and expeditious manner. We appreciate the valuable contributions of everyone here in this inquiry.

As we do not have insight into the stakeholder process at the EESE Board's EE Committee, if there are particular deadlines in this docket that need to be modified due to other commitments, don't hesitate to inform us, we will do our best to accommodate them.

At this time, I would like to acknowledge the participants that have filed letters of participation in this investigation in

```
1
         alphabetical order. When I read off the list of
         participants, if each participant here could say
 2.
 3
         "present", that would be very helpful.
 4
                    So, beginning with Clean Energy New
 5
         Hampshire?
 6
                    MR. SKOGLUND: Present.
 7
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you.
                                                    The
         Conversation Law Foundation?
 8
 9
                    [No indication given.]
10
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Hearing none.
11
         Eversource Energy?
                    MS. CHIAVARA: Present.
12
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. Liberty
1.3
         Utilities, which is both Granite State Electric
14
15
         and EnergyNorth?
16
                    MR. SHEEHAN: Present.
17
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: LISTEN Community
         Services?
18
19
                    MR. BURKE: Present.
20
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: The New Hampshire
2.1
         Department of Energy?
2.2
                    MR. DEXTER: Present.
23
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: The New Hampshire
24
         Department of Environmental Services?
```

```
1
                    [No indication given.]
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Not present.
 2.
 3
         The New Hampshire Electric Cooperative?
 4
                    MS. GEIGER: Present.
 5
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: The Office of
 6
         Consumer Advocate?
 7
                    MR. KREIS: Present.
 8
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Unitil Energy
 9
         Systems, for Unitil electric and Northern gas?
                    MR. FOSSUM:
10
                                 Present.
11
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Have I missed any
12
         participants here today?
1.3
                    [No indication given.]
14
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Seeing none.
15
                    The Commission has greatly appreciated
16
         the thoughtful comments made in advance of today
17
         by many of the participants in this
18
         investigation, and most especially the Joint
19
         Utilities and LISTEN. At this time, I would like
20
         to invite participants who would like to do so to
2.1
         make opening remarks on the record today, up to
2.2
         ten minutes each, in the same alphabetical order.
23
         Please introduce yourself, and state your name
24
         and title for the record, if you do provide an
```

1 opening statement. 2. So, we'll begin again with Clean Energy 3 New Hampshire? 4 MR. SKOGLUND: There's no comment at 5 this time. 6 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Conservation 7 Law Foundation is not here. Eversource Energy? MS. CHIAVARA: Yes. 8 Thank you, Commissioner -- or, Chair Goldner. Jessica 9 10 Chiavara, counsel here on behalf of Public 11 Service Company of New Hampshire, doing business as Eversource Energy. And I have some brief 12 remarks to make on behalf of the New Hampshire 1.3 14 electric and gas utilities, as well as the New 15 Hampshire Electric Cooperative. 16 In Order Number 26,698, issued Monday, 17 regarding the Joint Utilities' Motion for 18 Rehearing of the Order of Notice for this docket, 19 the Commission stated that it "welcomes further 20 elaboration of arguments relating to the scope 2.1 and procedural schedule in this investigation so 2.2 that the investigation does not impede or 23 frustrate the development of the next triennial

24

plan."

The Utilities appreciate that, despite the denial of the Motion for Rehearing, the Commission is mindful of the undertaking required to develop the triennial energy efficiency plan, and wants to ensure that this investigation does nothing to hinder that effort. The development of a successful energy efficiency plan for 2024 to 2026 is an objective that we all share.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

Ensuring the continued success of the NHSaves Programs is a critical priority for the Utilities, just as the benefits provided by the NHSaves Programs are of critical importance for New Hampshire residents and businesses in the face of unprecedented energy prices.

With this common purpose in mind, the Utilities ask that, if this investigation is to continue, the scope should stay narrowly tailored to targeted inquires and information sharing regarding the reporting requirements established in Order Number 26,621, and the eight topics listed in the Order of Notice only as they apply to those reports.

The Utilities want the Commission to be well informed on the many complex planning

elements that comprise the triennial plans, so that it has sufficient background knowledge and information to review and render judgment on the 2024-2026 Triennial Plan when it is submitted for Commission review and approval next year.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

But, as discussed in the Motion for Rehearing and the comments filed to this docket, the triennial planning process is a formidably time-consuming and labor-intensive effort that is executed with finite resources. Each of the eight topics listed in the Order of Notice is sufficiently complex as to warrant its own individual investigation, which I am not suggesting that we do here. Instead, the Utilities respectfully request that, rather than broad-based inquiry into these topics and audit level review of data, the focus remain concentrated on the foundational information necessary for the Commission to impartially understand and evaluate the Triennial Plan when it is filed, to ensure that it is just, reasonable, and in the public interest.

By refining the scope of the inquiry in this way, the Utilities hope that the additional

administrative effort created by the investigation would remain manageable in the face of existing responsibilities entailed with the delivery of the current programming period and the production of the 2024-2026 Plan.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

To this end, the Utilities note that there is a prolific amount of information already available as the result of many years of work conducted by various in-depth stakeholder and working group processes that were conducted with Commission oversight. However, without firsthand knowledge of the development of this library of information that now exists, the sheer volume of information and data can be overwhelming, and not necessarily helpful without context and guidance.

The Utilities would welcome the opportunity to inform the Commission about these existing resources, and to offer guidance and context to the Commission and its Staff in navigating those resources, as they offer a wealth of insight to the topic areas the Commission wishes to explore.

Additionally, it should also be mentioned that, under RSA 125-0:5, Subpart a, the

PUC Chair, or a designee of the Chair, has a dedicated seat on the Energy Efficiency & Sustainable Energy Board, or "EESE Board", that has been vacant for some time. The EESE Board is another invaluable source of information, not only for current programming, but also for information on the stakeholder process that's actively underway for the 2024-2026 Plan. In fact, the EESE Board currently has a subcommittee dedicated to the plan's development, which is, as I mentioned, well underway, and routinely provides updates to the broader EESE Board.

2.

1.3

2.2

The Commission could likely satisfy much of this inquiry with informational resources already developed, coupled with attendance and participation in the monthly EESE Board meetings. However, regarding inquiry into the 2024-2026 planning process itself, the Utilities maintain that such an inquiry is not appropriate for this proceeding. HB 549 is clear in its language that the Utilities produce the plans, and the Commission reviews and approves them.

Investigating the planning process of the 2024 to 2026 Plan, as suggested in the Order

of Notice, is not reviewing or facilitating review, but rather participating and influencing that planning process.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

On a similar note, the Utilities recommend that this proceeding be contained to information gathering only, and respectfully request that the Commission refrain from issuing any report or guidance at the culmination of this Even if the intent is to be non-binding, any report or quidance of the Commission on these topics would have the effect of influencing the planning process, as it wouldn't be advised for regulated entities to disregard guidance from regulators. Anything issued by the Commission based on information gathered in this proceeding essentially puts the Commission's thumb on the scale of an active planning process that will be the subject of future adjudication before the Commission. Such actions could be interpreted as the Commission prejudging certain plan aspects, planning elements or programs that are the subject of that adjudication, which would compromise the Commission's impartiality by determining the outcome prior to the hearing and

```
1
         decision, which both the United States and New
 2.
         Hampshire Supreme Courts have cautioned against
 3
         as violating due process. To ensure the rights,
 4
         duties, and obligations of the Utilities, as
 5
         mandatory participants to this proceeding, are
 6
         not implicated by this investigation.
 7
         Utilities again recommend that this proceeding go
         no further than sharing information in the
 8
         pursuit of a greater understanding of the
 9
10
         underpinnings of the NHSaves triennial plans.
11
                    Thank you.
12
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Will Liberty be
1.3
         adding anything or is everyone being represented
14
         by Eversource?
15
                    MR. SHEEHAN: Nothing further.
                                                     Wе
16
         support what Ms. Chiavara just read.
17
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you.
18
         LISTEN Community Services?
19
                                Thank you, Chairman
                    MR. BURKE:
20
                   Raymond Burke, from New Hampshire Legal
         Goldner.
2.1
         Assistance, representing LISTEN Community
2.2
         Services in this docket.
23
                    I think just if I can make a few short
24
         comments to add to the prefiled comments that we
```

submitted.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

I think, if this docket moves forward, it would be helpful to identify issues that -- or, top topics the Commission wants to explore that are better explored before the next plan is filed, versus topics that perhaps lend themselves to a longer term discussion. There are issues or topics we could raise for further investigation in our state that don't necessarily need to be fully resolved before the next plan is filed.

For example, we could explore what other states like Massachusetts and Minnesota, are doing to expand existing energy efficiency programs to renters. But that, as I understand it, some of that work is ongoing. And, so, it would be a longer term horizon to see what the results of those initiatives are.

In that same vein, some national organizations have started to conduct research on incentives to encourage landlord participation in energy efficiency programs, and are trying to develop protocols for approaching landlords with energy efficiency, you know, to engage them and get them to enroll in energy efficiency programs

to benefit their low-income tenants.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

There are also efforts underway that
we're aware of to determine how to better
leverage other funding sources to reduce the
number of low-income homes that have to be turned
away from the Energy Efficiency Program.
Oftentimes, a pre-existing health and safety
issue, such as mold, leaky roofs, or asbestos,
can lead to deferrals of program services,
because the work can't be completely safely or
effectively.

We could look at what's being done in those other states and try to learn from them, and see what opportunities we might have to build on those, or pursue those opportunities for funding and initiatives here. But, again, these are topics that don't necessarily need to be resolved or addressed before the next three-year plan is filed.

And I think we mentioned, alluded to in our comments, there may be opportunities to explore other data that we can gather over time, to better understand how we're serving low-income households throughout the state. But, also, we

would suggest that that is something, too, that lends itself more to a longer term discussion, and doesn't necessarily need to be resolved before the next plan is filed.

Thank you.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you.

The New Hampshire Department of Energy?

MR. DEXTER: Thank you, Chairman

Goldner, Commissioner.

The first thing I'd like to do is refer the Commission to the comments that the Department of Energy submitted on September 30th. And I just want to make a few points here in addition, not "in addition", but highlighting what we said in those comments.

The Department is generally supportive of the Commission learning more about pertinent energy efficiency topics. However, this docket does raise two primary concerns.

The first concern is that the docket could be used for parties to advocate for specific elements to be included in the upcoming 2024-2026 Plan, or the PUC can use the docket to signal what it believes might be acceptable or

likely to be approved in the 2024-2026 Plan.

2.

1.3

2.2

The Department of Energy believes firmly that this plan that's upcoming needs to be evaluated after it's filed on July 1st 2023, on its merits, in a docket, where all parties have an opportunity to be heard with due process rights.

The Department greatly appreciates the Commission's opening comments on this concern.

And, in listening to the comments, there were two words that jumped out that give the Department pause.

The first has to do with a "report".

It's hard to imagine off-the-cuff, because we're just reacting to the Commission's comments, however, a report issued at the end of an investigative proceeding would not be instructive or influential. Maybe we need to keep an open mind on that. But it would seem that a report, at the end of an investigatory docket, would not be appropriate or even necessary, if, in fact, the purpose of the proceeding is for education of the Commission and its technical staff.

The second word that caught the

Department's attention was "collaborate". And, if I understand the meaning of "collaboration", that would seem to indicate working together towards a goal. If the goal is education of the Commission and its technical staff, as I said, the Department greatly supports that. It is a very complex topic, energy efficiency. But, if the goal is to guide the development of the 2024-2026 Plan, we don't believe that's an appropriate use of the IR docket.

2.

1.3

2.2

The second concern that the Department highlighted in the September 30th letter, which was also touched upon by the Commission in its opening statements and by the utilities, is the notion of "resources and time". The plan is to be filed eight months from now, roughly. And it's a three-year plan, as the Commission indicated, the first one being submitted since HB 549 was enacted. And, from what we understand, it will be the first plan, where the Utilities will not be relying significantly on lighting measures in the residential and commercial offerings. And, therefore, the Utilities are tasked with developing a plan that meets all the

other goals that have been in place for a long time, and the parameters of HB 549, without relying on their primary savings measure that's been used in past years. So, it's going to be a complex undertaking is what I'm trying to say. And we could easily see that an intensive investigatory docket could divert resources.

2.

1.3

2.2

Now, having said that, the Department attended the recent technical session on the benefit/cost model workings. And we believe that seemed to serve the purpose of educating the stakeholders, including the Commission and its technical staff. We believe that that session was not used to advocate or to dictate in any sense. And, you know, and, in that sense, that seemed to be a proper means of investigation and education.

Admittedly, the Department does not know how much time the Utilities spent preparing for that session. It was a useful presentation, and, not surprisingly, well done. But, again, we don't know how much time the Utilities took in order to show up and educate all of us the way they did. That is a concern of the Department,

because it is our belief that the focus over the next eight months, eight and a half months, should be towards developing the new plan.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

That said, maybe focused technical sessions, limited in number, more at this time, and fewer as the filing date approaches, could be a useful tool and a good use of this docket.

And, lastly, the Department echoes the Utilities, when they point to the workings of, in particular, the two working groups that were undertaken over the last four or five years, I don't remember exactly. The Benefit-Cost Test Working Group and the Performance Incentive Working Group met extensively over a two-year period, and did issue reports that were incorporated into subsequent plans. All of that information is libraried on the Commission's website. And we welcome the Commission to review all of that information, and that might be an appropriate topic for tech sessions, if there are questions about where those working groups ended, and the process and the information that was used to come up with the recommendations that were eventually embodied.

1 So, with that, that concludes the 2. Department's comments. 3 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. We'll 4 move to the New Hampshire Electric Cooperative. 5 MS. GEIGER: Yes. Thank you, Mr. 6 Chairman. The Co-op does not have anything 7 further to add to the comments that Attorney 8 Chiavara delivered on behalf of all of the 9 Utilities. Thank you. 10 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. 11 Office of Consumer Advocate. 12 MR. KREIS: Thank you very much, Mr. 1.3 Chairman. 14 I suppose that, in the interest of not saying anything here that might come across to 15 16 anyone, much less the Commission, as, I think the 17 word I'm looking for is "inflammatory", I'm going 18 to say very little here. But I do feel obliged to make a few little comments. 19 20 One, I agree with everything I think I 2.1 heard Ms. Chiavara and Mr. Dexter lay out. So, 2.2 the Commission should assume that we share the 23 perspectives that they laid out. 24 I want to review very carefully the

written transcript of the statement that the

Chairman made here earlier. And I want to

consider or at least reserve the right to respond

in writing to some of those statements, which

sounded a lot to me like legal analysis that,

while perhaps not binding on anyone, will, as Mr.

Dexter suggested, likely be very influential.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

In particular, I heard or took note of a couple of different things than Mr. Dexter did. I heard the Chairman say that he believes that there is no statutory definition of "cost-effective", and that it is not clear what it means to have a "primary" and a "secondary" cost-effectiveness test.

As the Consumer Advocate, I know that I have endeavored on at least one occasion to explain exactly what I think those terms mean, and exactly what I think the legislature thought that those terms mean. And I appreciate that the Commission might not agree with the way that I have interpreted those things, as somebody who was directly involved in the process of creating the language in question. But lack of agreement with me is not the same thing as lack of clarity.

I will concede that there is a certain degree of non-clarity around what the phrase "market barrier" means, and I think it might be useful for us to try to build some consensus around that.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

In his remarks, the Chairman mentioned that it might be "useful" or "helpful" or "advantageous" for parties to participate here in this forum, where their interests won't be, and I think the phrase that he used was "not negotiated And I would just like to say, as somebody away". who has been involved in every single minute of any negotiations about energy efficiency that have occurred here in New Hampshire, since I became Consumer Advocate in February of 2016, that I have never observed anything being inappropriately negotiated away. I've never seen anybody intimidated out of asserting their positions vigorously. I have seen every single party, including the Office of the Consumer Advocate, assert itself competently and capably. Every single person who has ever been involved has been a gifted and skillful negotiator. And the results presented to the Commission have been

just, reasonable, and in the public interest.

And just because the Commission doesn't like what stakeholders agree to doesn't mean that anybody has negotiated away their interests or their rights.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

The last thing I want to say, and this resonates quite well with what Mr. Dexter said on behalf of the Department of Energy, I'm going to say a little more plainly. Having looked around the room, with the exception of Mr. Skoglund, who is here representing an NGO, or a nonprofit organization, the costs associated with every single person in this room are ultimately a bill that will be sent to ratepayers. There is literally a room full of meters running here. So, regardless of the propriety or the legality or the usefulness or anything else about what we're doing here, what the Commission wants us to do here, or what we end up doing here, there is ratepayer money at stake with all of this, and we should not fritter it away. We should be very careful about how we spend it.

That's all I have to say.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Could I ask you, Mr.

```
1
         Kreis, in my opening statement, and I realize it
 2.
         was verbal, and not written, so maybe hard to
 3
         follow, but I asked for a statute -- if there was
 4
         a statutory definition of the term
 5
          "cost-effective" or "market barriers", are you
 6
         aware of any statutory definition?
 7
                    MR. KREIS: I agree that those terms
 8
         are not explicitly defined in a list of
 9
         definitions that was included as a part of House
         Bill 549.
10
11
                    But, as all of the attorneys in this
12
         room I think would readily agree, terms in
1.3
         statutes can be understood as crystal clear under
14
         the applicable canons of statutory construction,
15
         without the General Court having done us the
16
         courtesy of providing what it describes as a
17
         definition.
18
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you,
19
         Mr. Kreis. And I assume that Unitil will defer
20
         to Eversource's opening statement?
                    MR. FOSSUM: That assumption is
2.1
2.2
         correct.
23
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
                                       Thank you.
24
         Well, so, thank you for all of your statements.
```

The Commission would like to give a brief preview, based on our current understanding of how we view the investigation proceeding. As we've already done, we do expect a number of data requests will be issued by the Commission, that additional Commission—attended technical sessions may also be held. We also found the initial session helpful. And, again, you know, in terms of educating the Commission on a very complex topic, I hope you'll appreciate our statutory requirements. Responses to data requests will continue to be transparently provided to the entire participant group in this docket and posted to the Commission website.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

We anticipate concluding this docket with a report highlighting the key issues identified by the participants and the Commission, and concluding this investigation well in advance of the Joint Utilities' filing of the next triennial plan.

We also welcome any -- the filing of further written comments, or white papers, by participants or interested members of the general public at any time.

Commissioner Chattopadhyay, is there anything you would like to add?

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: Just based on what I'm hearing, I think it would be helpful, to me at least, understand, I hear there's a concern about a report being produced at the end. Would sort of collecting the information that is gleaned out of this process, and having a report that provides all of that information, without weighing on any of that, will that be a problem, if that's part of the report?

So, I just wanted to understand from -I think I heard Eversource speak to that. So,
I'm curious what the reaction is.

MR. FOSSUM: Well, while they're conferring, I suppose — this is Matthew Fossum, with Unitil. And I suppose the answer to that very much depends on what it is that the Commission's vision of the report is? And I guess, even given the description that you've provided, if it's merely "We opened the docket and collected the following", I'm not certain why that would need to be a report at all.

To the extent that there are questions

asked and answers provided, they're posted to the docket and publicly available. Having a report that simply points back to them seems to be an unnecessary duplication.

2.

1.3

2.2

A report that goes beyond that, and beyond merely reciting the information that was provided, I think very much risks the possibility of editorializing on that information, making conclusions from the information, and doing the very sorts of things that a number of parties here have indicated would be troublesome.

And, in fact, getting back to the Chairman's opening statements, in particular regarding the issues under Seacoast

Anti-Pollution League, I think that would very much risk the possibility of running afoul of the concerns of that case and that precedent.

So, I don't know that what I just said elaborates in any meaningful way on the comments you've already heard. But, certainly, if there is a "report" of any kind, I personally have some concern about what that report might mean, and what it might do, whether intended or not.

CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: Thank you. I

think that's all I have for now. I'll have to process that as well.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

MR. KREIS: Well, there might be other parties who might have something to say in response to that question.

CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: Please.

MR. KREIS: Well, I can say, on behalf of the Office of the Consumer Advocate, that I share the concerns that Mr. Fossum just laid out. The Chairman, rather helpfully I thought, put the Seacoast Anti-Pollution League case in its proper context. And, just to be clear to everybody, the Seacoast Anti-Pollution League case teaches that it is very important, in fact, essential for the members of the Commission not to prejudge issues that are presented to them via an adjudicative proceeding. And, as the Chairman pointed out, the time for evaluating whether or not that has occurred is when that adjudicative proceeding commences, rather than before it.

And, so, I guess what I would say to the Commission is, you can put out whatever you want, but you do it at your peril. And you risk, I think, some party, and not necessarily the OCA,

popping up and saying "Wait a minute. You know, you are prejudging issues. And, therefore, you are now disqualified from adjudicating them."

2.

1.3

2.2

I would think that is an outcome the Commission would want to be very, very, very careful to avoid, especially in a high-visibility, contentious realm, like ratepayer-funded energy efficiency.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Any other comments?

MR. SHEEHAN: I can articulate, this is

Mike Sheehan, in the back, from Liberty. I can

maybe say the same thing slightly differently.

The way we see this docket, we all appreciate the problems or issues, if you will, the Commission has in getting information, as compared to the prior way things were run. And we all appreciate that, and understand that you don't have access to the same people, in the same format as you had before. So, I see a docket like this, and the best use of it is really to educate you folks, and, of course, anyone in the room who is tagging along for the ride.

So, as I think our opening statement said, let's answer questions, let's have those

```
1
         kinds of tech sessions like we had the other day.
 2.
         And, at the end, you say "Thank you. That was
 3
         helpful. We're now ready to dive into the next
         docket."
 4
 5
                    I think that would be, in my view, a
 6
         way to think of this docket.
 7
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you, Attorney
         Sheehan.
                    Anyone else? I know, Attorney
 9
10
         Chiavara, you were --
11
                    MS. CHIAVARA: Yes. I'm sorry.
12
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: -- contemplating
1.3
         saying something earlier.
14
                   MS. CHIAVARA: Attorney Sheehan and
15
         Attorney Fossum covered it. That's more or less
16
         what I was going to say.
17
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. Yes,
18
         sir, Mr. Burke.
                    MR. BURKE: Thanks, Chairman Goldner.
19
20
         Just a brief comment. I think I agree with
2.1
         everything that's already been said.
2.2
                   But I'll just also note that, the last
23
         energy efficiency investigation docket that I can
24
         recall is IR 15-072. And I don't -- there was no
```

summary report issued at the closing of that.

2.

1.3

1 4

2.1

2.2

So, doing what others have suggested would be consistent with past precedent. There was, I think if I remember correctly, just skimming the docket here, the Commission -- there was a straw proposal filed at the beginning. The Commission asked for comments. And then, the Commission just took those comments under advisement, and then that led to opening a docket down the road.

So, just wanted to note the past precedent of that energy efficiency docket.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you.

Yes, we counted 22 different dockets launched in the last nine years. And I think it's possible that they all ended differently. So, that's a point well taken.

Mr. Dexter.

MR. DEXTER: Yes. I wanted to comment more specifically on Commissioner Chattopadhyay's suggestion. Because, if I understood what you said, Commissioner, to me, that wouldn't constitute a "report".

The Department of Energy is supportive,

certainly, of any information that comes through this proceeding being public and posted, you know, in a Commission website or docket, which I assume it will be.

2.

1.3

2.2

So, the premise, I think, of your question was "would a report that collected all the information be acceptable to the Department?" That would be acceptable. I think it's actually encouraged. In other words, if there are data responses, and if there's, you know, any information that's exchanged between the Parties, that should be compiled and available.

But I don't think that's a report. I would call it something else.

CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: That is why I'm not a lawyer. To me, for example, right now, there are issues that I -- when I look at the statute, and when I look at the material, there are things that I don't fully understand. So, if I'm going to ask questions and get -- and gain more transparency, more understanding, all of that, if the end product is that we sort of -- we have collected more information that helps us, and simply just reported those. And, so, I'm

using the word "report".

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

But I really don't want to opine at this stage. I mean, that's what I wanted to, you know, clarify.

So, I think what you're saying is, maybe the term "report" is confusing, but the essence of what I was trying to get at would still be part of the mix.

MR. DEXTER: Yes. The Department has no objection to the Commission compiling information and making that information available, to the public, as well as to the participants in the IR.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. I think
that's our intention, in compliance with the APA,
that was at Number 3 that I had highlighted in my
opening statement, was that's our intention is to
sort of -- maybe "compile" is a better word than
"report". So, point well taken.

Commissioner Chattopadhyay.

CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: Again, I may have misheard, but there was a discussion about the EESE Board, and there being a spot for the "PUC Chair", is that what you meant?

```
1
                   MS. CHIAVARA:
                                   Yes.
 2.
                   CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: And do you think
 3
         that, in the current structure, it is
 4
         appropriate? I'm an economist. I'm just asking.
 5
         So, give me a sense.
 6
                   MS. CHIAVARA:
                                   Sure.
                                          Yes.
 7
         provided by statute. So, the Chair -- the PUC
 8
         Chair has a seat on the Board, pursuant to RSA
         125-0:5, Subpart a, II.
 9
                   CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: And I don't
10
11
         expect anyone will respond and explain things to
12
         me, because you're not sort of my legal authority
         here. But that begs the question, you know, how
1.3
         can the PUC Chair be viewed unbiased, when being,
14
15
         you know, in that Board?
16
                   MS. CHIAVARA:
                                   Sure.
17
                   CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: And, again, take
18
         this as an outsider comment, because I don't know
19
         the full process.
20
                   MS. CHIAVARA: And it's a fair
2.1
         question.
2.2
                    I think, to maintain that perception of
23
         propriety, it's probably, if I were to offer my
24
         opinion, for what it's worth, it would probably
```

be best that the Chair, or the designee, whoever takes that seat, go in more or less a listening mode and an information-gathering mode, and, much like this investigation, use it as an educational opportunity.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Mr. Kreis next, and then Mr. Skoglund.

MR. KREIS: You could tell that I was making the sort of face that would say "I want to say something."

So, I, too, am not counsel to the Commission. But I used to be. And I even used to be counsel to Commissioner Chattopadhyay. So, in that spirit, I will say that I don't think anybody could abrade the Commission for doing what it has been told it probably should do by statute, and the Commission — the Chairman does have a seat on the EESE Board.

If I were the legal advisor to the Chairman, I would tell him that probably the best thing to do would be to send in a designee. And there are any number of people on the Commission's Staff who would be able to discharge

that responsibility quite ably.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

I guess the reason I would be comfortable with that is that the Commission routinely did stuff like that in its prior guise. And the Commission, internally, was very careful about not allowing any outside contacts of its employees to compromise a commissioner's ability to decide cases, consistent with the law and the requirements of due process. And I guess that some -- something that hasn't changed is the appropriateness for all of us on the outside of the Commission to assume that the Commission continues to do that.

That said, you know, it's possible that one might be able to convince the General Court that having the PUC itself have a seat on the EESE Board isn't appropriate anymore. But, until the legislature does that, I think it would be perfectly appropriate for the PUC to send one of its employees in as its designee.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: So, I'd just like to clarify with everyone. Would anyone object to that in this room?

[Multiple indications in the negative.]

```
1
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I'm seeing -- for
 2.
         the court reporter's benefit, I'm seeing all
         "noes".
 3
 4
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Well, I could -- this is
 5
         Mike Sheehan. I could just add that the statute
 6
         that has the "PUC" listed as a seat was amended
 7
         as part of the divide, because number two is the
         "Commissioner of DOE, or designee". So, there
 8
         was -- you could read an explicit intent that
 9
10
         both are to sit on the EESE Board.
11
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I'm sorry, Mr.
12
         Sheehan, say again?
1.3
                   MR. SHEEHAN: You could read that, by
14
         expressly adding "DOE", and not removing "PUC",
15
         there was an express intent that both are fully
16
         able to sit on the EESE Board.
17
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Mr. Dexter,
18
         any thoughts on that?
19
                   MR. DEXTER: No, I don't have any.
20
         don't have anything to add.
                                      Thanks.
2.1
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
                                      Okay. Thank you.
2.2
         I'm sorry, Mr. Skoglund, you raised your hand
23
         twice, and I missed you both times.
24
                   MR. SKOGLUND: No, that's quite all
```

right. And I appreciate Attorney Wind catching my eye.

2.

1.3

2.2

And just to finish up on this, Attorney Burke and myself are the co-chairs of the EE Committee. And, so, we do provide updates at the EESE Board on what we are working on during the energy efficiency planning process. So, that would be one way for the Commission, if they're attending, to hear about what's going on, without necessarily attending the EE Committee, which would -- could have a chilling effect on the openness of conversation.

But, to circle back to our previous conversation, and just kind of taking a page from the "Lean playbook", and not being an attorney, but asking, for clarity from everyone else, when we're talking about a "report", in both the investigation of I think it was 22-004, which was the EV rates, that resulted in a report on Staff recommendations. But, then, in a much longer IR 15-, I think it was 576, the -- or, was it 296? The Grid Modernization, that actually ended with guidance in its final order.

And, so, this is where we are clearly

hearing people do not -- that would be inadvisable. Is that what I'm hearing?

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Mr. Kreis.

2.

1.3

2.2

MR. KREIS: Well, I'm glad Mr. Skoglund mentioned the Grid Modernization investigative docket. And I think, I'm really bad at docket numbers, I think that was 15-296, if I'm not mistaken? Yes.

So, I would suggest, I'm not really arguing about that docket, but I would suggest that the Commission take a look at it, because that docket had an interesting arc. There was the Grid Mod. Working Group phase. And, in that phase, the Commission didn't issue a report. The Grid Modernization Working Group issued a report, and then the Commission Staff took two years, but then issued its own response to that report.

And, at that point, I decided that what was going on looked a lot to me like adjudication. So, I had two experts provide the Commission with testimony. And I said to the Commission, quite explicitly at the time, "This is an adjudicative proceeding for all intents and purposes, please treat it that way." And the

Commission said "No, we're not going to do that."

1.3

2.2

And then, the Commission put out an order that one of the state's utilities in particular really didn't like. And, so, it filed a rehearing motion saying "Wait a minute. You issued an order that's binding on a bunch of people, but you didn't adjudicate." Well, they waived that argument, because I made it, and they acceded. And then, all of a sudden they got an order they didn't like, and then they popped up and said "Oops, should have adjudicated."

And I think most of those questions ended up, they were raised in that docket, but they weren't resolved in that docket. And, since the Commission has taken the time, I think usefully, to inventory the totality of investigative dockets that the Commission has opened in recent history, I guess, or maybe ever, I think that one in particular is relevant to the question of how to do these things right. Because the Commission clearly does have investigative authority, and it's clearly appropriate for the Commission to open a docket, which, after all, is just a folder in the

Commission file room, to conduct those investigations.

1.3

2.2

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you, Mr.

Kreis. Mr. Skoglund, I'd like to go back to you

for a second. You said a couple of things, and

I'm not sure I understood what you were saying.

So, you talked about the Chair or designee participating on the EESE Board, but that it would have "a chilling effect on the EE Committee." Can you tell me more about what you mean by that?

MR. SKOGLUND: Oh, I'm sorry. I just turned myself off.

No, I was not referring to the EESE
Board, the attendance of the EESE Board. I was
noting that we have the EE Committee of the EESE
Board, which has meetings. And, if the PUC were
to participate in that, that's where
conversations are going on that ultimately
results in informing the Utilities' final plan,
which they will then submit.

And I was suggesting that hearing a briefing at the EESE Board is very different than participating in the EE planning process, at the

1 EE Committee of the EESE Board. 2 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: And what would be 3 the benefit of attending EESE Board meetings? 4 assume there's a report that's issued, and it has 5 the minutes of the meeting and so forth. And, if 6 the Commission is just in a learning mode, I 7 suppose we could just read the minutes of the meeting. 9 MR. SKOGLUND: I don't have a good 10 answer to that particular question. 11 MS. CHIAVARA: Well, I think you'd also 12 be able to ask questions of the participants, 1.3 because, I mean, there is a good cross-section of 14 stakeholders at those meetings as well. 15 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I would just respond 16 to that. Because what I heard earlier was that 17 "the Commission should be in listening mode and 18 not ask questions." So, --19 MS. CHIAVARA: Right. Yes. I'm sorry, 20 I didn't mean that questions were discouraged, 21 but just, yes, that it was more 2.2 information-gathering. 23 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Okay. 24 then, maybe you could educate me a little bit

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

about the EE Committee and what they're doing specifically, and why it would be inappropriate for the Commission or a designee to sit in on that? Would you like to -- I'm sorry, it's okay.

MS. CHIAVARA: I'm terribly sorry.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: That's okay. No, I was just asking, maybe you could help me understand why it would be inappropriate for the Commission designee to sit in on an EE Committee? I'm just trying to understand what we would get out of the EESE Board meeting versus the EE Committee meeting, and how all that interplays?

MS. CHIAVARA: From my understanding, and I don't sit in on these meetings, but the EE Committee is more directly involved in the planning process. So, the EESE Board is one step removed from that. And, so, while the EE Committee reports to the EESE Board and apprises them of the progress being made, it's not so much that the planning process gets opened up to the EESE Board. That's more contained within the activities of the Committee itself.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Because that's sort of what we're trying to learn here. We're trying

2.

1.3

2.2

to figure out how things work, like the session we had on how the GST Test worked, and so forth.

I mean, that's sort of what we're trying to get, and in an appropriate way. And that was the motivation, I think, behind launching this investigative docket is that it's very -- this is a very complex issue.

The only thing we know is what's filed.

And, so, understanding what's behind the paper is extremely difficult in something this complex.

So, we're just trying to explore ways that we can be ready for that filing when it comes on July 1st.

And, if you'd like to comment, I'd appreciate it, relative to the EESE Board, the EE Committee, this docket, we're just trying to piece something together, that's all.

MS. CHIAVARA: Yes. I think, you know, participation in the EESE Board meetings would be helpful, because there are, like, as I said, there are a number of diverse stakeholders there. And, you know, the progress of the plan is addressed, if not, you know, it's not directly opened up, and the planning process isn't

examined in that way. But it is a way to keep apprised of it, and stay current on what the topics are amongst the relevant stakeholders, and what's coming to the fore, as far as both current existing programming and what's coming up for the next triennium.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: So, would your

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: So, would your advice be if the Commission designee saw something that was concerning, what would you advise the Commission to do, if something like that was noticed or understood? Not "noticed" in the legal sense, just --

MR. FOSSUM: Well, --

MS. CHIAVARA: Oh, sorry. Go ahead.

MR. FOSSUM: I guess I'm just curious about that particular question. Are you asking for our advice on what it is that a Commission member should do if they hear something they feel they shouldn't?

 $\label{eq:chairman GOLDNER: No, no. No, we know} % \begin{center} \begin{center$

MR. FOSSUM: That doesn't seem like the kind of advice we should be offering.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Well, you know, you

{IR 22-042} [Prehearing conference] {10-12-22}

didn't fall into the trap. I'm sorry.

[Laughter.]

2.

1.3

1 4

2.1

2.2

trying to ask was, we're attending the EESE Board meetings, if we are, then I assume that would be with some purpose. We're educating ourselves, we're understanding what's going on. Now we see something that we don't understand. We see something that's a concern, we have questions. How would you advise that we get answers to those questions?

MS. CHIAVARA: I think, aside from asking questions at the EESE Board meeting, which may be helpful, as we had referenced in the opening statement, there has been extensive work done by the Performance Incentive Working Group, the EM&V does a tremendous amount of work.

The -- there's another working group that's escaping my mind at the moment. But all of these working groups have produced quite a bit of information. And, if the answer isn't at the EESE Board meeting, between, you know, the existing staff of the utility and this sort of repository of information that's been compiled

over the years, I'm sure we could probably direct the Commission to some relevant and informative source documents.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. And it sounds like you would be open to having technical sessions, as Mr. Dexter suggested, if we didn't understand the pile of documents that we had sitting in front of us, you'd be open to that?

MS. CHIAVARA: Sure. Yes.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay.

MR. SHEEHAN: And, Mr. Chairman, Mike Sheehan, in the back.

I think, to answer your question of "what should the designee do at the EESE Board meeting?" I think there's two answers. Is it the person heard something they don't understand? Well, then, they ask questions and try to understand. If they hear something they don't like, policywise, maybe that's when they keep their mouth shut and, you know, don't say "well, the Commission is not going to like this", or something like that.

That's how I would differentiate the issues that come up.

```
1
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Oh, absolutely.
                                                         No,
 2.
         I was thinking more about some complexity or
         something that would require further explanation,
 3
 4
         and how would we get to the bottom of that?
 5
         kind of a third category. Thank you.
 6
                    Commissioner Chattopadhyay.
 7
                    CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: So, I, you know,
         I know now that there is an EE Committee that
 8
 9
         sort of reports to the EESE Board. Is that a
10
         good understanding of what it does?
11
                    [Multiple parties indicating in the
12
                    affirmative.]
1.3
                    CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: If there is a
14
         Commission designee in EESE Board, does that
15
         create issues for the EE Committee, when it comes
16
         and shares information?
17
                    MS. CHIAVARA: I don't believe so, no.
18
         Because it's mainly just the Committee reports to
19
         the EESE Board, it's not really an exchange.
20
         They don't take guidance necessarily from the
2.1
         EESE Board. It's more the Committee reporting to
2.2
         the Board.
23
                    CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY:
                                          So, they will
24
         continue to do what they do normally.
```

shouldn't create any hurdles for them?

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

MS. CHIAVARA: Correct.

CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Mr. Kreis.

MR. KREIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I think this might be helpful to Commissioner

Chattopadhyay, if nobody else. And let me just say, if you would like me to cite chapter and verse for the basis of what I'm about to say, I'd be happy to do that.

But here's my understanding. I think that what you just heard might be an incomplete account of what the EE Committee is really there to do. And here's my understanding of it. I think, before I became Consumer Advocate, if I'm not mistaken, there was consensus among the various stakeholders, and I think this is something the Commission endorsed, that there would be a committee that would serve as what has been described, I think in Massachusetts, as a "enhanced" stakeholder advisory board. And, by "enhanced", I think it was meant that there would be resources that this Committee would be able to devote to the process of collaborating with the

utilities, as they develop their plan, as program administrators, so that most issues in controversy would be resolved on a consensus basis by the Parties, before that plan is filed with the Commission.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

So, the theory is that you get better outcomes that way, if everybody is at the table, as the utilities work on what they want to file, rather than the utilities just do their thing unilaterally, and then it gets filed, and everybody then pops up to say what they don't like about it.

And that I think is the premise that still drives the EE Committee, which used to be called the "EERS Committee", back when there was an Energy Efficiency Resource Standard blessed by the Commission. But I think the assumptions haven't changed. And I think the Commission's orders — the Commission has never issued an order saying that it no longer buys that paradigm. But that was the idea.

So, it's not just you have this EE

Committee that sits around and talks about smart
things having to do with energy efficiency, and

then reports the results of its deliberations to the EESE Board. It really was supposed to be ultimately an aid to the program administrators, so they could develop plans that everybody would like, essentially.

I hope that was helpful.

CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Just a minute.

[Chairman Goldner conferring with

Mr. Wind.]

2.

1.3

2.2

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Are there any other comments? And please, please jump in.

We've only been here for an hour out of three and a half. So, we have plenty of time.

So, yes, Mr. Burke.

MR. BURKE: Just on this topic, a couple of things. This might be very basic, but they haven't been said. So, I just want to make sure it's clear.

The EE Committee of the EESE Board was created by the EESE Board, to help inform it about the energy efficiency programming. And those meetings are public, too. So, there are minutes posted. We link to the timeline document

that was posted that came out of one of those meetings in our comments. It's posted on the Department of Energy's website.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

But one thing, I guess I don't -- I don't think I disagree with anything I've heard so far. But I'm a little surprised that no one has commented yet that, at the last go-around, there was a concern, before the Department of Energy was created, about Commission Staff that participated in the Committee about the planning process. And I just want to make sure that that's noted.

We did not file anything about that in the last planning cycle. But there were motions filed about whether the Commission Staff could then participate in the proceeding, in any decision-making.

So, I just -- I just want to note that, because, you know, that I wonder if that risks happening again, which is I think where some of the questions were coming from.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Mr. Dexter, would it be possible for you to comment?

MR. DEXTER: So, I'm going back into my

memory bank a little bit. I believe that the Committee facilitated the development of the plan that ultimately was rejected on November 12th, So, that would have been the 2020 to 2023 And the Committee, it was fairly abbreviated, but I believe the Committee -- well, maybe not. I'm wondering whether the Committee had input into the abbreviated plan that was filed as a result of the statute, but that's not important. What is important is that the Committee is again conducting these collaborative sessions that I think the Consumer Advocate described exactly correctly, as a way to air issues prior to the plan coming before the Department, so that, when the plan came to the Department, there would be -- the intent or the hope was that there would be a degree of consensus.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

My understanding is that that process preceded the Committee, and, in fact, when the programs were called "Core Programs", there was a high degree of input ahead of time as well.

So, I guess all I'm trying to say is that it's a process that's been in place for at

least -- at least six years, and it has guided
the last two plans.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

Now, in the last plan, the one that was rejected, did not result in consensus, in the sense that the PUC Staff did not support the savings goals and the attendant rate impacts that went along with the consensus plan. And that issue was appropriately brought before the Commission and decided.

What Mr. Burke is referring to were motions in that process to designate the Staff, you know, as advocates or advisers. But I don't think that's relevant anymore, given that the Department of Energy is now separate.

I guess the question that Attorney
Burke is raising is, would a Commission Staff
member, sitting in on the Energy Efficiency
Committee meetings, which are public, create a
similar problem, to the extent there was a
problem? And the answer is "yes", I think it
would. I think it would -- I think, having a
Commission Staff member sitting in on the
Committee would probably effectively end the
Committee, I would think, because why would --

why would the Committee engage in that process, given all the concerns that have been expressed about ex parte contact and communication for a case that's about to be developed.

2.

1.3

2.2

would be for the Commission not to send a designee to the Committee, because "chilling effect" may be an understatement. But we do support the Utilities' suggestion that the PUC do send a designee to the EESE Board, which is one degree removed from the actual consensus-building process that is totally focused on preparation of the next plan. We believe that the PUC should not have a designee on that Committee. Because, as I said, that Committee's primary focus, as I understand it, and I do sit in on virtually all those meetings, is preparation for the upcoming three-year plan.

So, that's my thoughts on that.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: And maybe it would be helpful, under, you know, HB 549, and maybe nothing has changed, but maybe could somebody in the middle of the development of the plan maybe just summarize, in, you know, five minutes or

less, the process that goes on? So, somebody is creating a proposal. It's going in front of committees that have people on them. There are decisions being made, how are those decisions made?

2.

1.3

2.2

It would be helpful, I think, for the Commission to understand the process that you plan on going through for the next eight months, and how that comes together. That would be helpful for me at least.

MR. DEXTER: I just want to, before anyone answers that question, and I assume it would be someone from the Utilities that answers it, I do want to point out that, in the last go-around, there was a voting process, and the PUC Staff did not participate in the voting process.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay.

MR. DEXTER: I just wanted to throw that out there. I don't know if that's going to have any influence on the answer that comes in.

But I think someone from the Utilities could probably best describe the Committee action right now.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. That would be very helpful to know. Yes. How does this all fit together?

2.

1.3

2.2

MR. LEMÉNAGER: Sure. Good afternoon. Marc Leménager, from Eversource.

So, back in May of this year, we started discussing getting the Committee up and running again, with the plan filing due next July 1st before the Commission. We established a timeline, along with the other stakeholders, to discuss which topics. We need to meet to determine which areas are likely to change, in light of the lighting market evolving, and no longer being existent come 2024. Which, as noted previously, is going to be a significant change to what we offer. Additionally, the 65 percent requirement from the PUC's interpretation of House Bill 549 presents a rather large hurdle for us to adapt and adjust to.

So, we've been meeting with stakeholders along that timeline to discuss various topics, and trying to then put together, essentially, pieces of a puzzle, if you will, to figure out, within the funding that we have set

by statute, what programs and at what levels can we offer to ensure that we're complying with all of the regulations that we have, as well as all of the wants and desires of stakeholders as best as we can.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

The goal, as noted from many people today, is trying to come up with a consensus, where we're delivering a suite of programs that are available to all customers, and are able to deliver the benefits and savings goals that meet various stakeholders' -- their constituents and their wants and needs.

So, the goal is for us to go through all these sessions, discuss with stakeholders what possibilities we have in front of us. Put together a draft plan, see where we are, and see how all Committee members feel about it, about the package, so to speak, and --

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I'm sorry, who creates the draft? Is that the Utilities create the initial draft? Each utility comes up with their own proposal or is it like a single proposal?

MR. LEMÉNAGER: So, the Utilities

jointly work together on crafting a plan, similar to the filing that will be coming next July 1st, it's a Joint Utility filing. So, we're meeting with stakeholders and with each other to come up with a collaborative, uniform proposal, that we will then present before the Committee, and begin to refine it from there.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

So, we do have other work that is kind of on its own timeline as well, where there's updated cost-effectiveness tests, and beyond my expertise. But we get revised estimates for what costs and what benefits we're able to use, and that's on a timeline that is going to come, I believe, early next year. So, it will fit into our timeline to file with you. But we're not there yet on getting that information. So, we're trying to work with what information we can work with for the time being. And then, when we have that cost-benefit information and further information, we can continue to piece it together, if you will.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Would it be fair to say that the Joint Utilities come up with the proposal; then the Joint Utilities sit with the

EE Committee, with all the stakeholders and participants, and then fine-tune it? Is that the process, more or less?

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

MR. LEMÉNAGER: I'd define it more as a "brainstorming session", before we have a proposal. The Utilities do not have a plan proposal at this time, and we've been meeting for several months now. We are genuinely getting feedback and input from stakeholders, to determine "what should we be doing and how should it all piece together?" Because, with the funding being constrained by law, any changes to one program will necessarily impact another program.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: And how do we deal with, I'm going to be careful not to use any specific examples, but, if you have something innovative, something different than what you've done before, how is that proposed, folded in, weighed in on, discussed, and decided?

MR. LEMÉNAGER: It's a balancing act.

So, if there is a desire to try something novel or unique, then, similar to my last statement, it will impact something else. But the money is

```
1
         finite, as defined by law. So, if funding goes
 2.
         towards something new or something different, it
 3
         needs to come from something else.
 4
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes.
                   MR. LEMÉNAGER: So, it's a balancing
 5
 6
         act.
 7
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. And I'm just
 8
         trying to understand the process of how you
         decide. Is it a vote that's taken between
 9
10
         stakeholders or how do you decide? That two
11
         people have differing opinions or two -- let's
         say there's two or three differing opinions, how
12
1.3
         do you get to resolution?
                   MR. LEMÉNAGER: We have yet to come to
1 4
15
         that bridge.
16
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. But what's
17
         your process for getting to resolution? Like, is
18
         it a voting process? Is it -- how do you decide?
19
         What's your process for deciding?
20
                   MR. LEMÉNAGER: So, we honestly haven't
2.1
         come to any issues at this point in the process.
2.2
         So, when we do have to face that dilemma --
23
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: You'll figure out
24
         what the process is.
                                What was the process
```

before? How did you decide last Triennial Plan, when you had people with differing opinions? It sounds like, from Mr. Dexter's description, there was a vote from which the DOE abstained.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

MR. LEMÉNAGER: I think there were many areas of agreement, and there were some that were not. And what ultimately happened was the Utilities put together a plan in conformance with what was voted upon. So, at the last time around, it resulted in not every single stakeholder signing onto the proposed plan.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Would anyone else like to comment? Mr. Burke, Mr. Kreis, and Mr. Dexter all have their hands up. Let's start in the back and move forward. Mr. Burke.

MR. BURKE: Sure. I was just going to say, and I assume others will comment on this.

But, just to clarify, I think, to the extent that any vote might be taken before the Committee, it would be a vote on what to recommend to the full EESE Board about any position or statement it may take with regards to the plan that's ultimately put together.

I mean, I think everyone who attends

the meetings understand that ultimately it's the Utilities are responsible for drafting and filing the plan. And it's really, as I think the Consumer Advocate commented earlier, this is to serve as a forum to try to get input, so the Utilities aren't sort of blindsided after the filing about someone who has a big disagreement that wasn't ever discussed.

2.

1.3

2.2

But, to the extent, and we don't yet know, I think, what's going to happen, but, if there is a vote before the Committee, that's what it would be, to recommend that the EESE Board do or do not do something with respect to the plan. And then, ultimately, the EESE Board, the voting members would have to vote. And I think, in the past, I'd have to go back and look, but the EESE Board has at times voted to make statements about what it thinks about the energy efficiency plan or energy efficiency policy, you know, whatever is appropriate within its realm of its statutory duties, I guess, to the extent you can call the EESE Board's role as having duties.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. That's very helpful.

Mr. Kreis.

1.3

2.2

MR. KREIS: Thank you. First of all, in case it isn't clear already, I was the Chairman of that Committee during the last two planning cycles. So, up to my neck in all of this stuff. And, in that capacity, I just want to say that, although we did successfully reach consensus the last time with every party, except for the Staff of the PUC, which actually was not a party, prior to the creation of the Department of Energy.

But all of that, in my view, and you've been hearing a lot about all the formal mechanisms that were created, you know, the EESE Board is created by the statute, and the EERS or EE Committee were formally created by the EESE Board. But, at the end of the day, the Utilities are the program administrators. They're responsible for filing a plan with the Commission, and you're responsible for approving it or rejecting it. And the rest of us, when we're collaborating with the Utilities, are in a process that the Utilities are absolutely free to ignore, if they choose to. I mean, none of that

is binding on the Utilities. It's just there as a public mechanism for the Utilities to take advantage of, so that they can avoid the expense, hassle, and inconvenience of having to litigate against all of us before the PUC.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

But, as you know, just because
everybody in the room, other than you, reaches an
agreement, doesn't mean that you are going to
rubber stamp it. Because the PUC has
consistently said, over many, many years, that it
has to review settlements and anything that comes
before it independently, so that it can assure
itself that the appropriate statutory standards
are met.

You might also take a look at the

Settlement Agreement that you rejected back on

November 20 -- November 12th of 2021, because,

and here I guess I want to come out as the

brainchild of this whole scheme, that Settlement

Agreement contained language in it that took all

of this stakeholder collaboration stuff out of

the EESE Board, and created instead kind of a

independent committee, I guess, or collaboration,

that would be -- would have been conducted under

the aegis of the Utilities themselves. Why did I propose that idea? I'll be candid. I wanted to take the whole thing out from under the Right to Know Law, RSA 91-a. Because it essentially functions as a negotiation process, just the same as any other settlement negotiations would operate. And I tend to think that those kinds of conversations are best not conducted in public.

2.

1.3

2.2

The other thing that you should keep in mind as you think through what happened the last time, and the desirability of avoiding any mistakes the next time, is that the last time we went through all of this we did it at the height of the pandemic. So, essentially, all of these — any of these meetings that took place, as of March of 2020, going through to the time that the Utilities made their Triennial Plan filing in September, that all took place in a "virtual" meeting room. And I think that had a real effect.

I also want to confess that I, in my capacity as Chair of that Committee, made some pretty grievous errors. And, in particular, I made some grievous errors about the way I treated

the Staff of the Commission. I adopted, I think, what was a pretty belligerent stance towards them at the time, on the theory that they weren't really a party, and that, really, their views were of no significance, and that they should just kind of go away. And I think that was a mistake.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

It certainly isn't the way I would treat the Department of Energy now, because they clearly are a party. And, if they don't agree to something that everybody else agrees to, that's a contested issue before you unquestionably.

So, I just wanted to put that out there, because you, up on the Bench, are clearly trying to kind of get a better feel for like "What was going on? What were all these people thinking? How did we get here?"

And I hope some of this is helpful to you as you seek to find your way through that particular fog.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: It is. Thank you. Mr. Dexter.

MR. DEXTER: Yes. Just a couple of comments.

Attorney Burke and Kreis was that "ultimately, the Plan gets filed by the Utilities." And it is the Utilities' obligation to present the plan to you for review. All of what went on beforehand was designed to enhance the -- not "enhance", to reach -- to narrow issues, is what I'm trying to say, to avoid issues in the timeframe for the Commission to review.

2.

1.3

2.2

And, you know, whether it was votes or committees, or an informal -- I think, before the EERS Committee, in the iteration before that, I believe the Commission Staff conducted a lot -- facilitated a lot of the pre-filing collaboration, if you will.

When I said "the Department didn't vote on the" -- pardon me, "the PUC Staff didn't vote on the ultimate plan last time around", we didn't vote on anything. We sat in on all the committee meetings, but decided that -- well, maybe we weren't offered a vote, but, however we ended up in that role, we were there to listen and to offer ideas, but we did not vote on anything. Seemed like there were a lot of votes, I don't

really remember, but it wasn't like we abstained from a particular vote. I just wanted to point that out.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

The second thing that Attorneys Burke and Kreis both said, I believe, was that, and I get to quote myself here, I think, if you were to go back to the closing statements in the last Triennial Plan, I believe I said that the Committee and the vote and all the stuff that happens beforehand is not the end of the process, it's the beginning of the process. And the process is for the Commission to review and approve the plan that gets filed, in this case it will be July 1st. So, the Commission will have five months to review the plan, you know, irrespective of what goes on ahead of time, and whether there's consensus or not. That is almost double the amount of time that the Commission was allotted under prior procedural schedules. seemed to me that all the plans I was involved in before that had a three-month period, which made it very difficult to litigate any issues. was always a -- was always a concern in those dockets.

But five months should provide the Commission additional time to do -- you were talking about "what if a question comes up, what do we do with that question?" You know, a very reasonable approach would be to hold that question, and, you know, get the docket moving the minute the filing is made, and issue those questions right away.

2.

1.3

2.2

So, yes. Those are my thoughts on the prior -- on the prior process.

MR. KREIS: Mr. Chairman, could I just say one more thing?

And I think this falls back to a statement you made at the beginning that I, I think, took exception to. You seemed to be implying that there was some possibility that these processes would lead to parties negotiating away their positions. And, as I said earlier, I don't think anybody did that.

But there were, and I think everybody will recall this, there were some pretty vehement public objections to that Triennial Plan that the Commission then rejected. And, really, those objections came from people who chose to absent

themselves from the deliberations that we're talking about here. And they weren't obliged to participate in them. They had every right to come before the Commission and tell the Commission not to approve the Plan. And, essentially, that's what happened. And, lo and behold, those people prevailed, and we all know what happened after that.

2.

1.3

2.2

So, you know, in resonance with what Mr. Dexter just said, it's important for everybody to keep in mind that, regardless of what happens between now and July 1, there will be every opportunity for anybody with any concerns whatsoever, including the Commissioners, to raise them on the record, and subject them to skeptical scrutiny, and the presentation of evidence, and cross-examination, and all of that. And, at the end of the day, the Utilities are the program administrators, and the Commissioners are the deciders. And the rest of us are just kind of along for the ride.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I did have one additional, just a follow-up question. If there was data that the Commission wanted as of the --

the initial filing, so, July 1, 2023, if there are things that we think of, we want information on, would anyone have objections to us asking for those ahead of time in the adjudicative docket?

2.

1.3

2.2

And what I'm thinking of is just processing the information as quickly as possible, Mr. Dexter -- Attorney Dexter said "five months". That's true, but time goes quickly in the utility world, as we all know. So, we'd like to be set up with everything that we need out of the gate as much as we can.

Is there -- Mr. Kreis.

MR. KREIS: I'm glad you asked that question. Because the last time around, I asked the Commission to open the adjudicative docket before September 1, and that's exactly what I had in mind. I didn't see any reason, under the Administrative Procedure Act, why the Commission couldn't put out an order of notice saying "We're going to get this big filing on September 1st, and we're not going to" -- "we're going to start the process now, and we're going to get everything in place, so that we can tell the Parties what we want to see when the Utilities

make that filing. And we want to kind of put, basically, the procedural schedule in place in advance."

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

Because when that doesn't happen, as you all know, and nothing happens until there is a prehearing conference after that order of notice, and, in this case, after the Utilities make that filing, then, almost inevitably, you've frittered away like the first month of those five months.

And I think it would be really great, if this time around the Commission managed to find a way to use all five of those months effectively. And my suggestion would be to do this time what the Commission didn't want to do last time, which is open that docket earlier than September 1.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Would anyone object to that approach? Mr. Fossum, you look like you might object?

MR. FOSSUM: No, I don't believe that I would. I think there's a measure of wisdom in that.

My only concern might be, and perhaps

this is me reading too much into the question that you asked, if the Commission intends to, you know, open the docket, establish a procedural schedule, you know, indicate that, you know, "Please include, you know, all of the Excel sheets", or, you know, whatever might accompany the filing, I don't think I'd have any issue with that.

1.3

2.2

If, however, you know, it's "We've opened this docket, and we intend to see a plan that does 1, 2, and 3", potentially that's more concerning.

Like I said, maybe that's me reading more into your question than was intended. But you did ask, you know, "if we sent out this Order of Notice that said "well, we were hoping to see..."?" Well, that is, you know, sort of -- that may be more problematic.

But, if it's simply what you mean by that is "What we're hoping to see is a plan that is comprehensive and provides the following things, and make sure to address the following, you know, items", you know, perhaps that's fine, and I don't think I'd have any problem with that.

But, if it's something very specific, you know, "we want to see a plan that makes sure it will account for low-income customers in a particular way", you know, now that's actually influencing the plan itself before it's even filed.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. I'd want to consult with Attorney Wind, but it seems like that would be maybe perhaps prejudging. So, I see your point.

Any other comments on that, on that idea? I do think, you know, that that seems like, just to follow Attorney Kreis's proposal, that that would be helpful to identify the schedule up front, and put all that in place, so everyone knows exactly where and when to be over the five months, from July 1st to November 30th. Seems like that would be helpful.

MR. DEXTER: The Department would support Attorney Kreis's suggestion. I don't recall that from the last time, and I don't recall the Department not taking that advice. But there is about six weeks involved in just the order of notice and the procedural. And, you

87

```
1
         know, so, I don't see why all that couldn't be
 2.
         worked out ahead of time, an order of notice, in
 3
         anticipation of a filing.
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
 4
                                       Yes.
 5
                    MR. KREIS:
                                I guess the only caveat
 6
         would be, there is some possibility, from a due
 7
         process perspective, that people -- there's
 8
         hypothetically, or theoretically, a party out
         there that could decide, only after reading what
 9
         the Utilities actually file, that they need to
10
11
         intervene. And, so, I would think it would be
12
         appropriate for the Commission to allow for that
1.3
         possibility.
                    It's unlikely, frankly, because I think
14
15
         everybody that would be likely to intervene is
16
         already part of the stakeholder advisory process.
17
         And we already, or we will by then, already have
18
         a really good idea of what's going to be in that
19
         September 1 filing.
20
                    MR. DEXTER:
                                 As long --
2.1
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: July 1st.
2.2
                    MR. KREIS:
                                July 1 filing, excuse me.
23
                    MR. DEXTER: I'm sorry for just jumping
24
         in.
```

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: That's all right,
Attorney Dexter. No, I was just making sure I
hadn't forgotten the date.

2.

1.3

2.2

MR. DEXTER: As long as the prehearing conference and the intervention deadline comes, you know, a week or two after the filing date, I don't think that would present any problems. And I think it would still pick you up four or six weeks.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. Yes, I'm

just -- I'm thinking about that, that would seem

sensible. We could have a very -- I would think

we could have that prehearing conference very

quickly after the initial filing.

Attorney Chiavara, you have some thoughts?

MS. CHIAVARA: I was just going to say something as to scope, and this might go along with what Attorney Fossum just said.

But I would say that, if the Order of Notice were to be issued prior to the Plan filing, that, pursuant to HB 549, the guidelines it sets out for the Plan submission, review, and approval, that the scope of the Order of Notice

not be broadened beyond the consideration of that matter. And I realize that that is still a pretty broad matter, and there might be a lot of questions the Commission has within that. But I would say that the parameters should stay pretty much within the universe of examining, reviewing, and approving that Plan.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. I think the key word is "examine", you know, what level of depth is something that we're wrestling with.

You know, is it just at the very top level?

Probably not. Is it a level or two below that?

Almost certainly. You know, is it, you know,

twelve levels below? You know, that's something

we have to -- we have to sort out. So, I don't

think we have an answer on that either. But it's

our responsibility to look at it in enough depth

to see that it's just, reasonable, and prudent,

and so forth.

Attorney Sheehan.

MR. SHEEHAN: Thank you. As we've all been adjusting to the new paradigm, where we are filing Excels with our filing and the like, we've always faced in the past the question "Okay, we

have a 20-page filing, but there's 6,000 pages that support it. How much do we file?"

1.3

2.2

And, you know, we're slowly getting to a point we're all getting to what you're expecting, which I hope. But that could be another purpose of this order of notice. As you look at the plan we filed in the past, I suspect the types of documents you'll see are similar. And you could have a laundry list of "When you file your plan, please include the backup for this, and we don't have to worry about the backup for that." That could be helpful as well.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. Very good.

That's, I think, very much along the lines of what we were thinking, you know. In the end, we need a high-level summary, and then we need details in certain areas. And we -- but we don't need every last, you know, detail for sure.

So, we'll be -- thank you, Attorney Sheehan. We'll be thoughtful about how we ask for the information up front.

To hopefully, and our goal, as I hope you can understand, we're just trying -- we're trying to simplify the process, and to make it

91

```
1
         more streamlined. And our intention in this
 2.
         docket was to get some of these preliminary
 3
         issues out of the way, so we could really hit the
         ground running on July 1st. That was our very
 4
 5
         pure motivation.
 6
                   All right. Commissioner Chattopadhyay,
 7
         anything else from your side?
                    [Cmsr. Chattopadhyay indicating in the
 8
 9
                   negative. 1
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Is there any
10
11
         further comments or suggestions from the
12
         participants here today? Careful not to use the
         word "parties".
1.3
                   MR. KREIS: I thought you were going to
14
15
         say "peanut gallery".
16
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: No. No, no.
                                                     That
17
         never crossed my mind, honestly.
18
         "participants" and "parties".
19
                   Excellent. Okay. Well, very good.
20
         Well, I thank you for your time today. This has
2.1
         been very helpful, from the Commissioners'
2.2
         perspective, just speaking on behalf of
23
         Commissioner Chattopadhyay as well. We look
24
         forward to working with you. And the proceeding
```

```
is now adjourned.
                               Thank you.
 1
                     (Whereupon the prehearing conference
 2
 3
                     was adjourned at 2:38 p.m.)
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
```